

SECTION 3:

**KAIMOANA (MAORI TRADITIONAL AND  
CUSTOMARY FISHING RIGHTS) REGULATIONS 1995**

Draft Regulations  
Approved by Maori  
December 1995

FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES ONLY

KAIMOANA (MAORI TRADITIONAL AND CUSTOMARY  
FISHING RIGHTS) REGULATIONS 1995

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Catherine Tizard, Governor General  
Order in Council  
At Wellington this    day of            1995

Present:  
The Right Honourable            presiding in Council

Pursuant to Section 89 of the Fisheries Act 1983, Her Excellency the Governor General acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council hereby makes the following regulations.

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## Regulations

### Purpose

The purpose of these Regulations are to recognise and provide for customary food gathering by Maori and the special relationship between tangata whenua and places of importance for customary food gathering (including tauranga ika and mahinga mataitai), to the extent that such food gathering is neither commercial in any way nor for pecuniary gain or trade.

### 1. Title and Commencement -

- (1) These regulations may be cited as the Kaimoana (Maori Traditional and Customary Fishing Rights) Regulations 1995.
- (2) These regulations shall come in to force on the 14th day after the date of notification in the Gazette.

2. **Application** - These regulations shall apply in respect of all persons taking or possessing any fish, seaweed or aquatic life in New Zealand Fisheries Waters [except that these regulations shall not apply in respect of any persons taking or possessing any fish, seaweed or aquatic life in New Zealand Freshwater].

3. **Interpretation** - In these regulations unless the context otherwise requires -

**Act** - means the Fisheries Act 1983

**Customary Food Gathering Purpose** - includes (but is not limited by) koha and customary exchange

**Director General** - means the Director General of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

**Final Notice** - means the second of the two newspaper notifications required in order to publicly notify for the purposes of these regulations.

**Kaimoana** - means any fish, aquatic life or seaweed as defined under the Fisheries Act 1983.

**Local Community** - means and includes the community of persons who are resident within the rohe of tangata whenua applying for the mataitai. A person shall be a resident for the purposes of this definition if he/she either have their principal place of residence within the rohe of the tangata whenua; or shall be deemed to be resident if they have resided within the rohe for no less than 3 months of each year in the 3 years immediately preceding the date of the application for a mataitai.

**MAF** - means the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

**Maori Trustees** - means any trustees appointed pursuant to the Maori Affairs Act 1953 or Te Ture Whenua Maori Act 1993.

**Maori Committee** - means any Maori committee constituted by or under the Maori Community Development Act 1962.

**Marae Committee** - means any marae committee (whether incorporated or not) established for the purpose of administering any marae.

**Minister** - means the Minister of Fisheries.

**Publicly Notified** - means in each case, publication twice in a newspaper or newspapers selected by the Minister, being a newspaper or newspapers circulating in

the locality, with an interval of not less than five nor more than ten days between each notification and public notification shall have a corresponding meaning.

**Reserve** - means Mataitai reserve established under these regulations.

**Rohe moana** - means the rohe moana proposed to be administered or administered by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki as the case may be.

**Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki** - includes any member or members of the Tangata Whenua or any Tangata Whenua organisation including but not limited to Marae Committees, Maori Committees or Marae Trustees appointed under any regulation authorised by section 188 of this Act.

**Tangata whenua** - means the Whanau, Hapu or Iwi that holds mana moana and mana whenua and Ahi Kaa over the relevant rohe moana or reserve as the case may be.

**Sustainable management** - means the taking of such measures as may be necessary and culturally appropriate to ensure that the fisheries within the rohe moana or reserve as the case may be are conserved and sustained for present and future generations while according priority to the customary take.

4. **Relationship between these Regulations and other Regulations** - In the event of any inconsistency between any of these regulations (including any bylaws issued pursuant to them) and any other regulations made under the Act, these regulations shall prevail.

## PART I

### Appointment of Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki

#### 5. Nomination

(1) The tangata whenua of any rohe moana or proposed reserve or any person or organisation representing such tangata whenua, may using Form 1, nominate any person or persons or any organisation including but not limited to Marae committees, Maori committees or Maori trustees to be Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki within the rohe moana or in respect of the proposed reserve identified in Form 1 for the purposes of these regulations. [Note that these forms have not been included]

(2) Nominations shall be posted to the Minister.

6. **Notification of Nomination** - Upon receipt of any nomination under regulation 5 the Minister shall cause the nomination to be publicly notified and shall give appropriate notice to those representatives of the iwi and hapu in the locality.

#### 7. Submissions -

(1) - Within 30 days of the final notice of the nomination under Regulation 5, the following parties may file at the office of the Minister a submission in support or opposition to the nomination.

- (a) any member of the tangata whenua on whose behalf the nomination is made;

- (b) where the nominating tangata whenua is or represents a hapu or marae community, the iwi runanga, tribal trust board or other organisation representing the relevant iwi interest;
- (c) any representative of any other marae community, hapu or iwi claiming mana in respect of the rohe moana or reserve described in the nomination.

(2) Submissions shall be on **Form 2**.

(3) The Minister shall serve a copy of each submission received on the nominating tangata whenua and the nominated Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki respectively at the addresses set out in Form 1 and on all other submitters at their respective addresses as set out in Form 2.

**8. Tangata Whenua Shall Convene a Hui** - Where the Minister receives either a submission in opposition in respect of any nomination under regulation 7, or a competing nomination in respect of the same rohe moana or reserve under regulation 5, he or she shall request the tangata whenua of the rohe moana to convene a hui of the parties within 60 days of receipt thereof in order to facilitate the resolution of any disputes between them.

**9. Appointment of Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki -**

- (1) Where the 30 day submission period referred to in regulation 7 has expired and no submission in opposition or competing nomination has been received, the Minister shall confirm the appointment of the person, persons or organisation nominated under regulation 5 as Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki of the rohe moana or reserve described on Form 1.
- (2) Where a hui has been convened under regulation 8 and the parties to the hui have reached agreement as to the person, persons or organisation to be appointed as Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki in respect of the rohe moana or reserve described in Form 1, the Minister shall confirm the appointment accordingly, provided that the nominated Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki have not previously held a similar appointment subsequently cancelled by the Minister in accordance with the cancellation process specified in Regulations 10 and 11 of these Regulations.
- (3) Any confirmation by the Minister under this regulation shall be published in the gazette and shall be publicly notified within 14 days of confirmation and the appointment shall be deemed to be effective as from the date of final notice in accordance with these regulations.
- (4) Notification in the gazette, and public notification under this regulation shall include a description of the rohe moana or reserve in which the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki is appointed to exercise any function under these regulations.
- (5) Where the parties are unable, in accordance with tikanga Maori, to resolve any disputes between them, the disputes shall be referred by agreement to an appropriate authority for mediation and settlement. The Minister shall not

confirm the appointment of any Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki until the dispute is resolved.

**10. Cancellation of Appointment -**

- (1) Any of the following parties may by notice to the Minister on Form 3, apply to cancel the appointment of any Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki:
  - (a) any member of the tangata whenua on whose behalf the appointment of Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki was made; or
  - (b) any iwi runanga, tribal trust board or other organisation representing the relevant iwi interest; or
  - (c) the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki.
- (2) If, upon receipt of the application, the Minister considers that it is:
  - (a) frivolous and vexatious; or
  - (b) the issues raised in the application were satisfactorily dealt with in the procedures for appointment under regulation 10
 the Minister may refuse to consider the application further.
- (3) The Minister, upon being satisfied that the application should proceed shall forthwith give notice of the application to the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki and to those representatives of the iwi and hapu in the locality.
- (4) The Minister shall, following notification under clause (3) request the applicant under clause (1) to convene a hui of the parties within 60 days.
- (5) The hui convened under clause (4) shall be for the purpose of ascertaining the views of participants in respect of the application and of resolving, so far as is possible, any matters in dispute between the parties.
- (6) A secretary shall be appointed to record any resolution which may be carried at the hui.
- (7) The hui may by resolution, cancel the appointment of the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki, the subject of the application.
- (8) The secretary shall by notice in writing, advise the Minister of any resolution under clause (7).
- (9) The Minister shall cancel the appointment of the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki by notice in the gazette and shall publicly notify the cancellation of appointment and such cancellation shall be deemed to be effective from the date of the final notice in accordance with these regulations for no less than 5 years.

**11 Minister's powers to intervene in the management of Rohe Moana -**

- (1) Where the Minister is satisfied that any rohe moana is not being sustainably managed, and or where the Minister is satisfied that any Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki is not complying with these Regulations or by-laws made under the authority of these Regulations, he or she shall take such steps as are appropriate to consult

with the Tangata Kaitiaki /Tiaki so as to assist the Tangata Kaitiaki /Tiaki with any difficulties being encountered in the administration of the rohe moana ;

- (2) Where, notwithstanding such consultation and assistance, the Minister is satisfied on reasonable grounds that the Tangata Kaitiaki /Tiaki is not able to manage the rohe moana in a sustainable manner, he or she may consult with the tangata whenua of the relevant rohe moana to encourage them to:
  - (a) Apply for cancellation of the Tangata Kaitiaki /Tiaki; or
  - (b) Apply to replace the Tangata Kaitiaki /Tiaki with a new Tangata Kaitiaki /Tiaki.
- (3) Where an application under regulation 30 (2) (a) is made the Minister may cancel by notice in the gazette, any notice, bylaw or authorisation issued under these regulations in respect of the rohe moana and take such steps as are necessary in the circumstances to return the fishery in the rohe moana to sustainable levels.

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## **2 Tangata kaitiaki/Tiaki to hold Annual Hui -**

- (1) The Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki shall, no later than the 31st day of March in each year, hold a Hui-a-Tau and shall at that meeting report on:
  - (i) the administration of these regulations by the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki within the rohe moana, including the administration of tauranga ika, mataitai and other places of customary food gathering importance; and
  - (ii) the numbers of authorisations granted for the period and the species for which authorisations were granted; and
  - (iii) the bylaws in force for that period; and
  - (iv) the number of mataitai reserves and other places of customary food gathering importance in the rohe moana; and
  - (v) the number of exemptions granted authorising taking for the purposes to sustain the functions of the marae or such other customary food gathering purpose pursuant to regulations 13, within the rohe moana of the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki.
2. The Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki shall publicly notify the holding of the Hui-a-Tau under clause 1 of this regulation.



## PART II

### Powers of Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki in Customary Taking of Fish

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of this Part is to establish a system whereby tangata whenua through their appointed representatives, Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki, can participate in the sustainable management of the customary taking of fish within their rohe moana.

13. **Power to authorise taking of fish for non-commercial purpose** - Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may authorise any person or persons to take kaimoana within the rohe moana (including all tauranga ika, mahinga mataitai and other places of customary food gathering importance) of that Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki for any customary food gathering purpose, to the extent that the taking of kaimoana is not for commercial sale of any kind nor for pecuniary gain or trade, and the taking is done in a manner which is consistent with sustainability of the kaimoana in the area in which it is taken and the tikanga of the tangata whenua of that rohe moana.
14. **Power to determine size, method and type of catch** - In authorising the taking of kaimoana for a customary food gathering purpose approved by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki under these regulations, the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may impose restrictions or conditions in respect of all or any of the following:
- (a) The species that may be taken;
  - (b) The quantity of each species that may be taken;
  - (c) The size limits relating to each species authorised to be taken;
  - (d) The method that may be employed to take each species;
  - (e) Whether or not a vessel may be employed and if so what vessel may be employed to take kaimoana;
  - (f) Any restrictions on when different species may be taken;
  - (g) The persons or designated groups that shall be entitled to take kaimoana;
  - (h) The area within the rohe moana or reserve in which the taking of kaimoana may occur;
  - (i) The period of time during which the taking of kaimoana may occur.
  - (j) The date or other circumstance upon which the authorisation shall lapse.
15. **Authorisation to be on approved form** -
- (1) Any authorisation under regulation 13 shall be on **Form 4** and shall be provided by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki prior to the commencement of fishing.
  - (2) Any authorisation under regulation 13 shall be retained by the fisher at all times and shall be shown to the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki, any agent of the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki or any Fisheries Officer on request.
  - (3) Notwithstanding clause (1), oral authorisation from the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki shall be sufficient for the purpose of this regulation if obtaining an authorisation on Form 4 would have caused either unreasonable delay or significant

inconvenience to either or both of the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki or person seeking the authority, in the circumstances. Oral authorisations must be restricted to members of the tangata whenua from the rohe moana of the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki.

- (4) Any person or persons authorised pursuant to regulation 13 shall, as soon as is reasonably practicable after exercising the authority, advise the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki of the species and quantity of such species taken pursuant to the authorisation.
- (5) For the avoidance of doubt, every oral authorisation shall be given on the same basis as if it were a written authorisation and the provisions of regulation 14 as to restrictions and conditions shall apply accordingly.
- (6) The Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki shall make and keep a written record of every oral authorisation including the date it was given, to whom it was given and any of the restrictions or conditions specified in accordance with regulation 14.

**16. Power to authorise taking of fish to sustain the functions of marae -**

- (1) Notwithstanding these regulations, or any bylaw made under these regulations, any Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki of the tangata whenua, or tangata whenua organisation, including Marae committees, Maori committees or Marae trustees, may allow the taking of fish, aquatic life, or seaweed to continue for the purposes which sustain the functions of the marae concerned within the relevant rohe moana.
- (2) Any person or persons authorised pursuant to clause 1 shall as soon as is reasonably practicable but no later than 14 days after exercising the authorisation, advise the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki of the species and quantity of such species taken pursuant to the authorisation.

**17. Power to make Bylaws with general application -**

Subject to any authorisation granted pursuant to regulation 13:

- (1) The Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may make bylaws restricting or prohibiting the taking of kaimoana (including restrictions or prohibitions by way of rahui) within all or any part of the rohe moana where such bylaws are considered by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki to be necessary or desirable for the sustainable management of the kaimoana in the rohe moana.
- (2) Any bylaw issued pursuant to this regulation shall apply generally to all persons.
- (3) Without limiting the generality of paragraph (1) of this regulation or the powers contained in regulation 25(1) of these regulations, the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may make bylaws imposing restrictions or prohibitions on the taking of kaimoana in respect of all or any of the following matters:

- (a) The species that may be taken;
  - (b) The quantity of each species that may be taken;
  - (c) The size limits relating to each species authorised to be taken;
  - (d) The method that may be employed to take each species;
  - (e) Whether or not a vessel may be employed and if so what vessel may be employed to take kaimoana;
  - (f) Any restrictions on when different species may be taken;
  - (g) The area within the rohe moana or reserve in which the taking of kaimoana may occur;
  - (h) The period of time during which the taking of kaimoana may occur.
18. **Commencement of Bylaws** - Any bylaws issued pursuant to regulation 17 shall not come into force until such time as they have been approved by the Minister and published by the Minister in the Gazette.
19. **Approval of Minister** - The Minister shall within 30 days, approve all bylaws submitted to him or her pursuant to regulation 16 unless the bylaws are in terms inconsistent with the sustainable management of the fisheries within the rohe moana of the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki.
20. **Fishing from a registered fishing vessel** -
- (1) Where it is proposed to carry out the taking of kaimoana under these regulations from a registered fishing vessel, an authorisation under regulation 13 or regulation 29 (as the case may be) shall be required;
  - (2) The registered fishing vessel shall carry the authorisation under regulation 13 or regulation 29 at any time the taking of kaimoana is being carried out pursuant to the authorisation and any catch must be clearly labelled as to destination and held separately from any commercial or amateur catch on the vessel.
21. **Notification** - On the last day of each sixth month the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki shall provide to the local MAF office the following information:
- (a) A summary of every authorisation whether in written or oral form, issued by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki during that period; and
  - (b) A summary of the species and quantity of such species taken pursuant to such authorisation during that period.

### PART III MATAITAI RESERVES

22. **Application for Reserves** -
- (1) Upon application on **Form 5** by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki of the relevant rohe moana or any Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki appointed in respect of any proposed reserve as the case may be, the Minister may declare the proposed reserve or

any part of the rohe moana identified in the application to be a reserve by notice in the Gazette.

- (2) Before making any such declaration the Minister and the tangata whenua shall:
- (a) consult with the local community; and
  - (b) have regard to the sustainable management of the kaimoana in the proposed reserve.
- (3) Where the Minister is satisfied that -
- (a) the proposed reserve is within the traditional rohe moana of the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki applicant or is within the rohe moana of a Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki already exercising functions under these regulations, and that Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki is the applicant; and
  - (b) the proposed reserve is of importance for customary food gathering; and
  - (c) the establishment of the reserve will not be inconsistent with sustainable management of the kaimoana in the area,
  - (d) the consultation criteria laid out in Form 5 have been complied with;
- he or she shall make a declaration in accordance with this regulation.

**23. Notification of Reserve -**

- (1) The Minister shall publicly notify any declaration made pursuant to regulation 22 and shall clearly identify the boundaries of any reserve so declared in such public notification;
- (2) The Minister shall cause to be erected notice boards identifying the existence of the reserve and its boundaries at such landward access points as he or she considers appropriate in the circumstances.

**24. Reserves to be administered by Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki -** Every reserve established under these regulations shall be administered by a Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki appointed under Regulation 5.

**25. Power to make bylaws in relation to Reserves -** Subject to any authorisation granted pursuant to Regulation 13:

- (1) The Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may make bylaws restricting or prohibiting the taking of kaimoana in (including restrictions or prohibitions by way of rahui) within a reserve or any part of it where the making of such bylaws are considered by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki to be necessary and desirable for the sustainable management of the kaimoana in the reserve.
- (2) Any bylaw issued pursuant this regulation shall apply generally to all persons.

- (3) Without limiting the powers contained in paragraph (1) of this regulation, the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may make bylaws imposing restrictions or prohibitions on the taking of kaimoana respect of all or any of the following matters:
- (a) The species that may be taken;
  - (b) The quantity of each species that may be taken;
  - (c) The size limits relating to each species authorised to be taken;
  - (d) The method that may be employed to take each species;
  - (e) Whether or not a vessel may be employed and if so what vessel may be employed to take kaimoana;
  - (f) Any restrictions on when different species may be taken;
  - (g) The area within the reserve in which the taking of kaimoana may occur;
  - (h) The period of time during which the taking of kaimoana may occur.
26. **Commencement of Bylaws in Reserves** - Any bylaws issued pursuant to regulation 21 shall not come into force until such time as they have been approved by the Minister and published by the Minister in the Gazette.
27. **Powers of Minister in Relation to Bylaws** - The Minister shall within 30 days approve all bylaws submitted to him or her pursuant to regulation 25 unless the bylaws are inconsistent with the sustainable management of the Fisheries within the rohe moana of the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki.
28. **Enhancement of Fish stocks** - The Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki (pursuant to a fisheries management plan for the reserve or rohe moana) may authorise the enhancement of the kaimoana within the reserve or the rohe moana for the benefit of the users of the reserve or rohe moana.
29. **Fish taken from within a Reserve for Commercial Purposes** -
- (1) The taking of kaimoana from a reserve for commercial purposes or for purposes of pecuniary gain or trade shall be permitted only by express authorisation of the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki under this regulation;
  - (2) No such authorisation may be granted by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki under this regulation unless expressly provided for in a fisheries management plan prepared by or on behalf of the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki in respect of the reserve;
  - (3) The fisheries management plan shall address the sustainability of the kaimoana within the reserve and the ability of the reserve to sustain commercial exploitation after ensuring the sustainability of any customary non commercial taking.
  - (4) Any kaimoana taken for commercial purposes or for purposes of pecuniary gain or trade from within the boundaries of the reserve pursuant to an authorisation under the regulation shall be accounted for by the fisher against individual transferable quota or in the case of non individual transferable quota species against the appropriate licence and permit under the Act.

- (5) In granting the authorisation under this regulation the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may exercise all or any of the powers provided in regulation 14.

#### PART IV

#### Offences, Penalties, and Prosecutions

#### 30. Offences -

- (1) Any person who takes kaimoana from within a reserve commits an offence and shall be liable upon conviction to a fine up to \$10,000.00 or such other penalty as may be imposed by the Fisheries Act 1983 unless either:
- (a) the taking is authorised by any bylaw in force in that reserve;
- or
- (b) the taking has been authorised by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki administering the reserve pursuant to these regulations.
- (2) Any person who takes kaimoana for any non-commercial purpose in contravention of any bylaw issued pursuant to regulation 17 or regulation 25 of these regulations commits an offence and shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of up to \$10,000.00 or such other penalty as may be imposed by the Fisheries Act 1983 unless the taking has been authorised by the Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki of that rohe pursuant to these regulations.
- (3) In any prosecution for an offence under these regulations or under the Fisheries (Amateur Fishing) Regulations 1986 it shall be a complete defence where the defendant proves that he or she holds or was granted an authorisation under regulation 13 of these regulations.

#### 31. Powers of Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki in Relation to Offences -

- (1) If a Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki is satisfied that an individual has offended against these regulations, it may authorise proceedings to be taken under the Fisheries Act 1983 in respect of the offence, or it may in its discretion impose on the offender a penalty in respect thereof of such amount as it thinks fit, not exceeding \$10,000, or such other penalty as may be imposed by the Fisheries Act 1983.
- (2) For the purposes of investigating any offence referred to in clause (1) of this regulation and for determining the penalty, a Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki may adopt such form of procedure as it may think suitable;

Provided that a Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki shall not impose any penalty on an offender without giving him/her a reasonable opportunity to be heard in his/her own defence.

(3) In any case where a person fails to pay any penalty duly imposed by a Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki under this regulation, the amount shall be recoverable in the District Court as a debt due to the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki by the person so failing to pay the penalty.

(4) The amount of any penalties imposed by the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki under this regulation shall be paid to the Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki and shall form part of its funds.

#### **PART V Miscellaneous**

32. **Licence Fees** - The Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may in respect of any authorisation issued under regulation 13 or 29, impose such fee as is appropriate to meet the reasonable costs of carrying out its duties and powers under these regulations.
33. **Fisheries Officers** - Any Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki may nominate any person or persons to the Director-General to be appointed as Fisheries Officer under the Act.
34. **Public Notification of Bylaws** - Any bylaws issued pursuant to regulations 17 and 25 shall be publicly notified.
35. **Iwi Planning Document** - Any bylaws issued pursuant to these regulations and any management plan prepared pursuant to regulation 29 shall be deemed to be a planning document recognised by an iwi authority for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991.
36. **Assistance to Tangata Kaitiaki / Tiaki** - The Minister shall provide Tangata Kaitiaki /Tiaki and their nominated Fisheries Officers such financial, training, information services and any other assistance as may be necessary to ensure the proper and efficient administration of these regulations.